

QUALITY ASSESSMENT IN PRODUCTION

Christian Kaestner

Required Reading: Alec Warner and Štěpán Davidovič. "[Canary Releases](#)." in [The Site Reliability Workbook](#), O'Reilly 2018

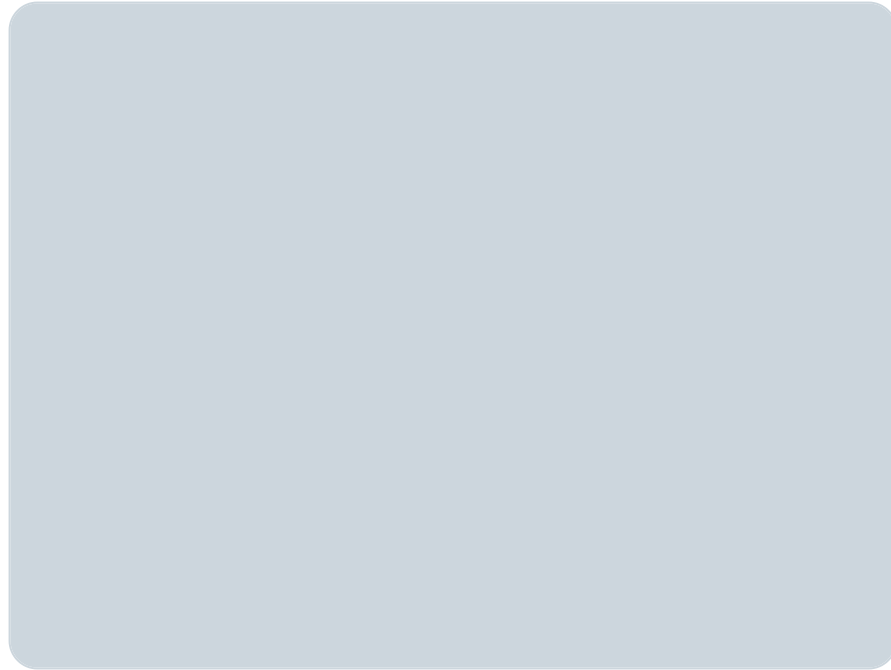
Suggested Reading: Georgi Georgiev. "[Statistical Significance in A/B Testing – a Complete Guide](#)." Blog 2018



Changelog
@changelog



“Don’t worry, our users will notify us if there’s a problem”



2:03 PM · Jun 8, 2019



♡ 2.3K 💬 704 people are Tweeting about this

LEARNING GOALS

- Design telemetry for evaluation in practice
- Plan and execute experiments (chaos, A/B, shadow releases, ...) in production
- Conduct and evaluate multiple concurrent A/B tests in a system
- Perform canary releases
- Examine experimental results with statistical rigor
- Support data scientists with monitoring platforms providing insights from production data

RECALL: MODEL QUALITY

CONFUSION/ERROR MATRIX

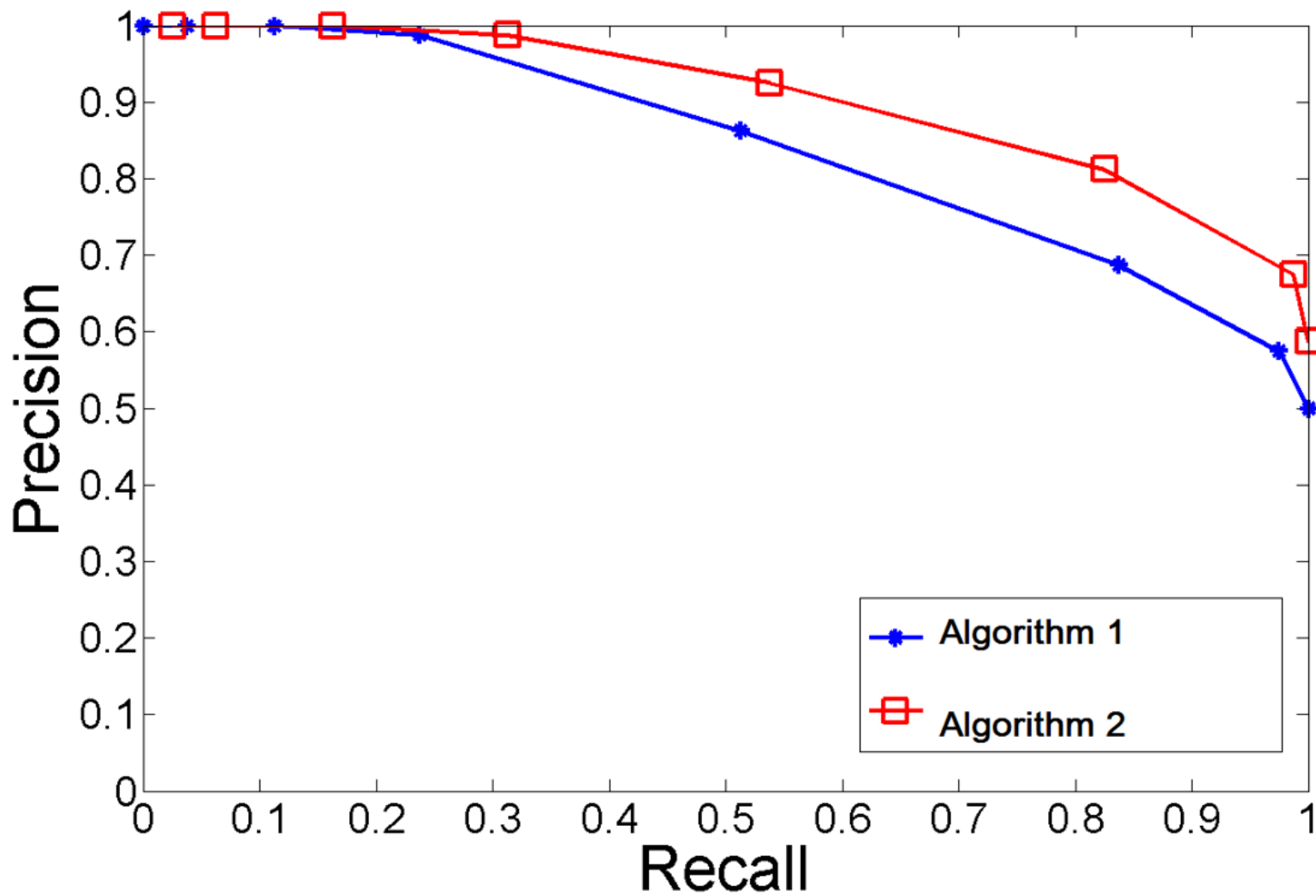
	Actually A	Actually B	Actually C
AI predicts A	10	6	2
AI predicts B	3	24	10
AI predicts C	5	22	82

Accuracy = correct predictions (diagonal) out of all predictions

$$\text{Example's accuracy} = \frac{10+24+82}{10+6+2+3+24+10+5+22+82} = .707$$

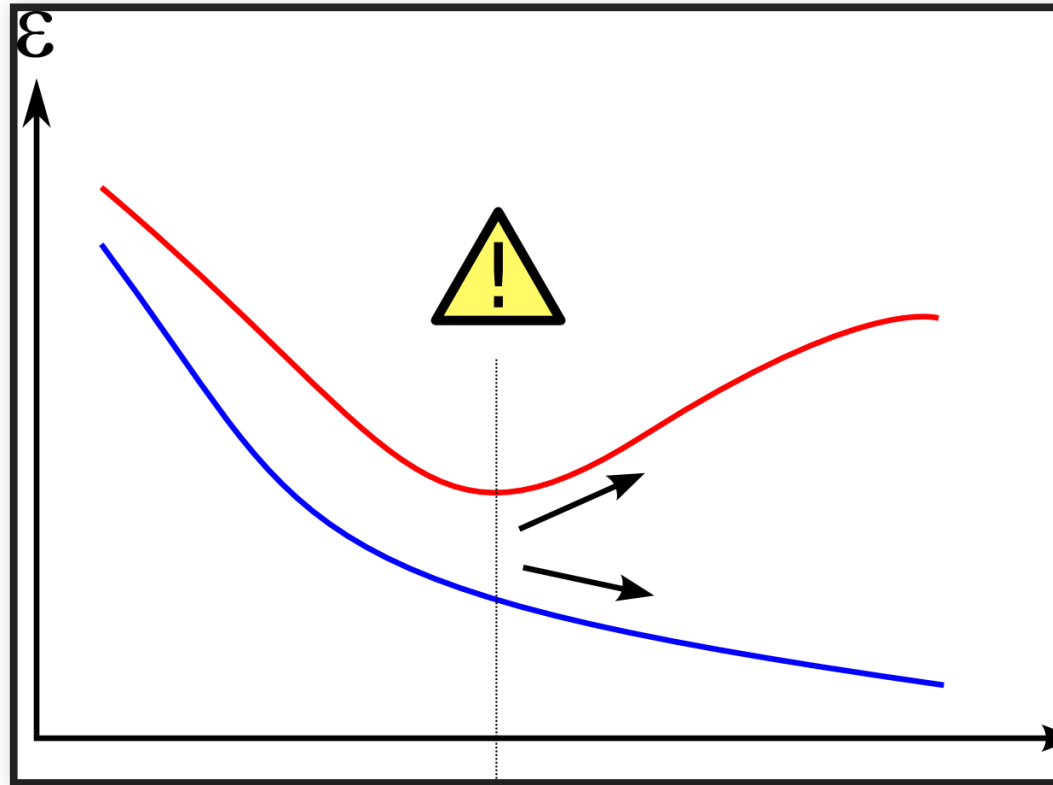
AREA UNDER THE CURVE

Turning numeric prediction into classification with threshold ("operating point")



DETECTING OVERFITTING

Change hyperparameter to detect training accuracy (blue)/validation accuracy (red) at different degrees of freedom



(CC SA 3.0 by [Dake](#))

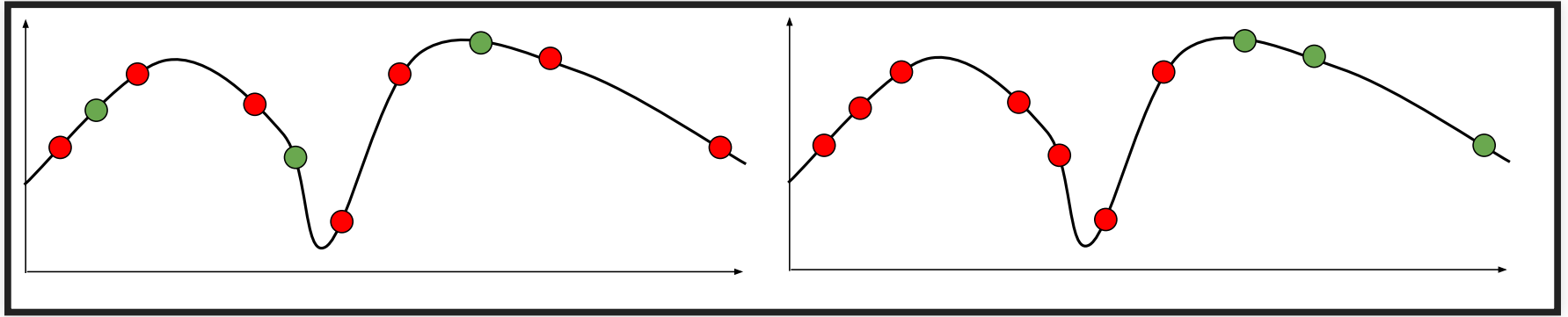
SEPARATE TRAINING, VALIDATION AND TEST DATA

Often a model is "tuned" manually or automatically on a validation set
(hyperparameter optimization)

In this case, we can overfit on the validation set, separate test set is needed for
final evaluation

```
train_xs, train_ys, valid_xs, valid_ys, test_xs, test_ys =  
    split(all_xs, all_ys)  
  
best_model = null  
best_model_accuracy = 0  
for (hyperparameters in candidate_hyperparameters)  
    candidate_model = learn(train_xs, train_ys, hyperparameter)  
    model_accuracy = accuracy(model, valid_xs, valid_ys)  
    if (model_accuracy > best_model_accuracy)  
        best_model = candidate_model  
        best_model_accuracy = model_accuracy  
  
accuracy_test = accuracy(model, test_xs, test_ys)
```

VIOLATING INDEPENDENCE OF TEST DATA





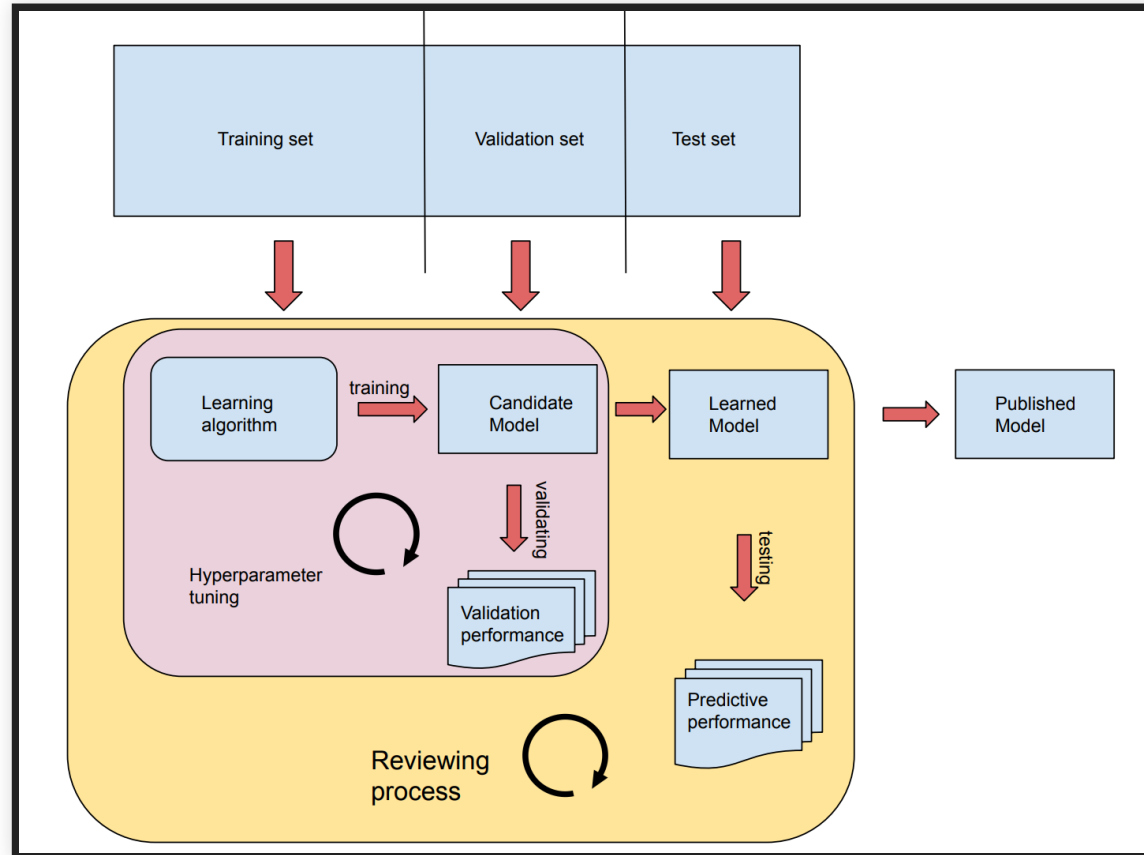
Many examples:

- Stock prediction (trained on future data)
- Detecting distracted drivers (multiple pictures per driver)
- Detecting horse breeds (copyright marks)
- Detecting severity of cancer (different scanners)
- Detecting tanks in photographs (sunny vs cloudy days)
- Left steering on rainy days of self-driving cars (cloudy skies)

VALIDATION DATA REPRESENTATIVE?

- Validation data should reflect usage data
- Be aware of data drift (face recognition during pandemic, new patterns in credit card fraud detection)
- "*Out of distribution*" predictions often low quality (it may even be worth to detect out of distribution data in production, more later)

ACADEMIC ESCALATION: OVERFITTING ON BENCHMARKS



(Figure by Andrea Passerini)

MODEL ASSESSMENT IN PRODUCTION

Ultimate held-out evaluation data: Unseen real user data

IDENTIFY FEEDBACK MECHANISM IN PRODUCTION

- Live observation in the running system
- Potentially on subpopulation (AB testing)
- Need telemetry to evaluate quality -- challenges:
 - Gather feedback without being intrusive (i.e., labeling outcomes), harming user experience
 - Manage amount of data
 - Isolating feedback for specific AI component + version

DISCUSS HOW TO COLLECT FEEDBACK

- Was the house price predicted correctly?
- Did the profanity filter remove the right blog comments?
- Was there cancer in the image?
- Was a Spotify playlist good?
- Was the ranking of search results good?
- Was the weather prediction good?
- Was the translation correct?
- Did the self-driving car break at the right moment? Did it detect the pedestrians?



More:

- SmartHome: Does it automatically turn of the lights/lock the doors/close the window at the right time?
- Profanity filter: Does it block the right blog comments?
- News website: Does it pick the headline alternative that attracts a user's attention most?
- Autonomous vehicles: Does it detect pedestrians in the street?

Skype for Business

How was the call quality?

★★★★☆
Good

Audio Issues

- ☐ Distorted speech
- ☒ Electronic feedback
- ☒ Background noise
- ☐ Muffled speech
- ☐ Echo

Video Issues

- ☐ Frozen video
- ☐ Pixelated video
- ☐ Blurry image
- ☐ Poor color
- ☒ Dark video

blog post demo

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Matt Millman
Because I'm happy 😊

People, groups & messages


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RECENT CHATS ▾




Besties
10/10/2018




Elena Nilsson, Anna Davie...
It was great talking to all of ...
7/27/2018



Anna Davies
coffee awaits!
6/26/2018




Maarten Smenk
☎ Missed call
5/25/2018



Maarten Smenk, Anna Dav...
Hi, happy Monday!
5/21/2018

Speaker notes

Expect only sparse feedback and expect negative feedback over-proportionally



DFW ↔ SFO
1659 of 1687 flights

Nov 16
Wednesday

Advice: **Watch** [Learn more](#) ⓘ

Create a price alert

Stops

- ☒ nonstop
- ☒ 1 stop
- ☒ 2+ stops

Times

Take-off Dallas

Prices may fall within 7 days – Watch

Our model strongly indicates that fares will fall during the next 7 days. This forecast is based on analysis of historical price changes and is not a guarantee of future results.

Create a price alert

Speaker notes

Can just wait 7 days to see actual outcome for all predictions

the-changelog-318

← [Dashboard](#)

Quality: High ⓘ

Last saved a few seconds ago

...

Share

00:00  Offset 00:00 01:31:27



Play



Back 5s

1x

Speed



Volume

NOTES

Write your notes here

Speaker 5 ▶ 07:44

Yeah. So there's a slight story behind that. So back when I was in, uh, Undergrad, I wrote a program for myself to measure a, the amount of time I did data entry from my father's business and I was on windows at the time and there wasn't a function called time dot [inaudible] time, uh, which I needed to parse dates to get back to time, top of representation, uh, I figured out a way to do it and I gave it to what's called the python cookbook because it just seemed like something other people could use. So it was just trying to be helpful. Uh, subsequently I had to figure out how to make it work because I didn't really have to. Basically, it bothered me that you had to input all the locale information and I figured out how to do it over the subsequent months. And actually as a graduation gift from my Undergrad, the week following, I solved it and wrote it all out.

Speaker 5 ▶ 08:38

And I asked, uh, Alex Martelli, the editor of the Python Cookbook, which had published my original recipe, a, how do I get this into python? I think it might help

How did we do on your transcript?



Speaker notes

Clever UI design allows users to edit transcripts. UI already highlights low-confidence words, can

MANUALLY LABEL PRODUCTION SAMPLES

Similar to labeling learning and testing data, have human annotators



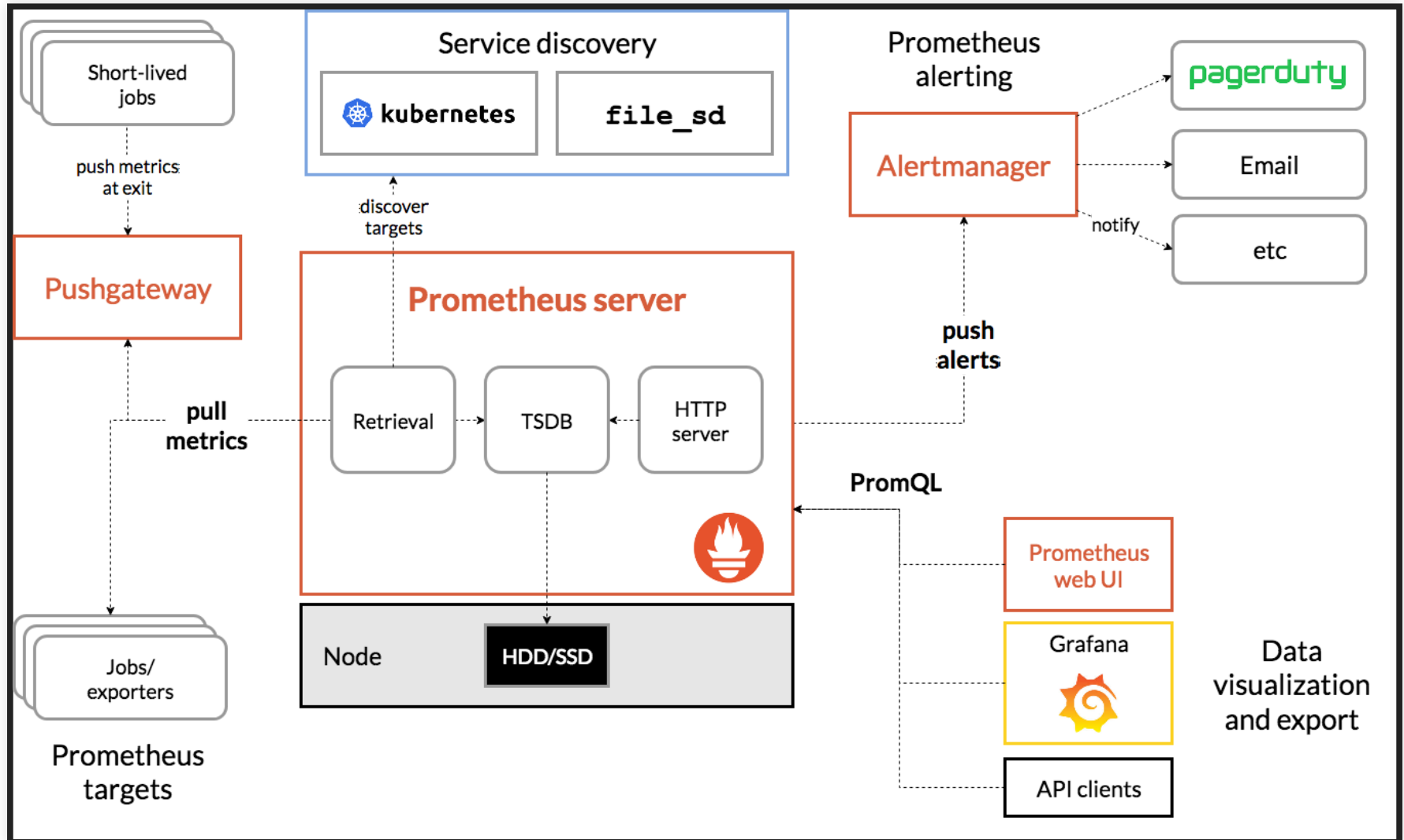
MEASURING MODEL QUALITY WITH TELEMETRY

- Three steps:
 - Metric: Identify quality of concern
 - Telemetry: Describe data collection procedure
 - Operationalization: Measure quality metric in terms of data
- Telemetry can provide insights for correctness
 - sometimes very accurate labels for real unseen data
 - sometimes only mistakes
 - sometimes delayed
 - often just samples
 - often just weak proxies for correctness
- Often sufficient to approximate precision/recall or other measures
- Mismatch to (static) evaluation set may indicate stale or unrepresentative data
- Trend analysis can provide insights even for inaccurate proxy measures

MONITORING MODEL QUALITY IN PRODUCTION

- Monitor model quality together with other quality attributes (e.g., uptime, response time, load)
- Set up automatic alerts when model quality drops
- Watch for jumps after releases
 - roll back after negative jump
- Watch for slow degradation
 - Stale models, data drift, feedback loops, adversaries
- Debug common or important problems
 - Monitor characteristics of requests
 - Mistakes uniform across populations?
 - Challenging problems -> refine training, add regression tests

PROMETHEUS AND GRAFANA





Website Overview



Zoom Out

Last 3 hours



Logins

190

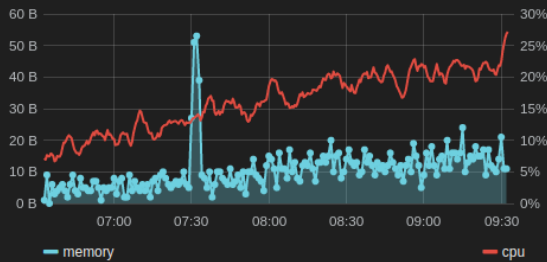
Sign ups

269

Sign outs

273

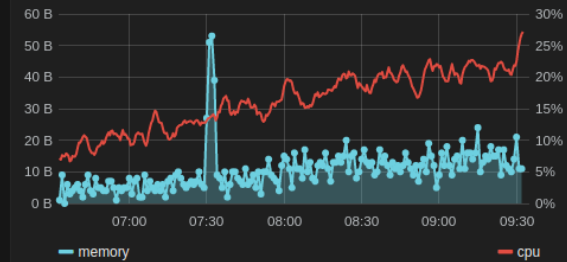
Memory / CPU



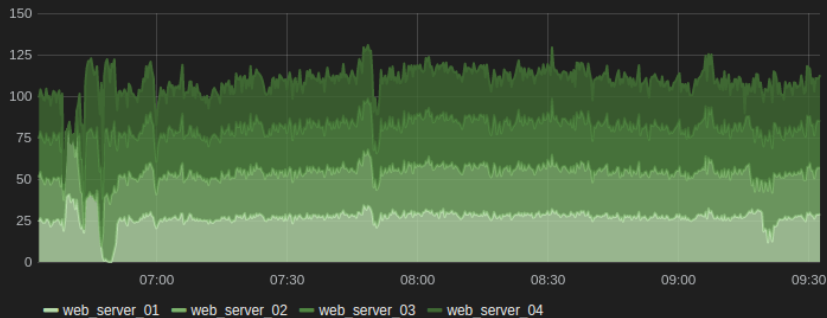
logins



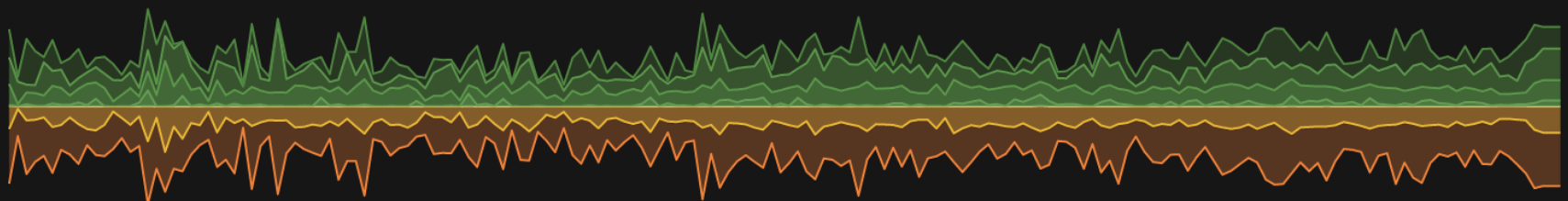
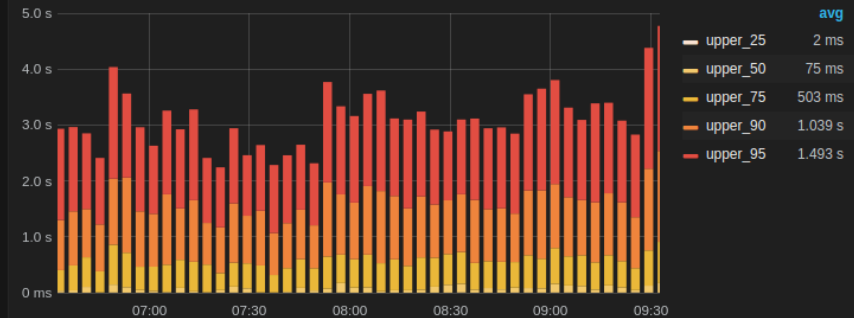
Memory / CPU



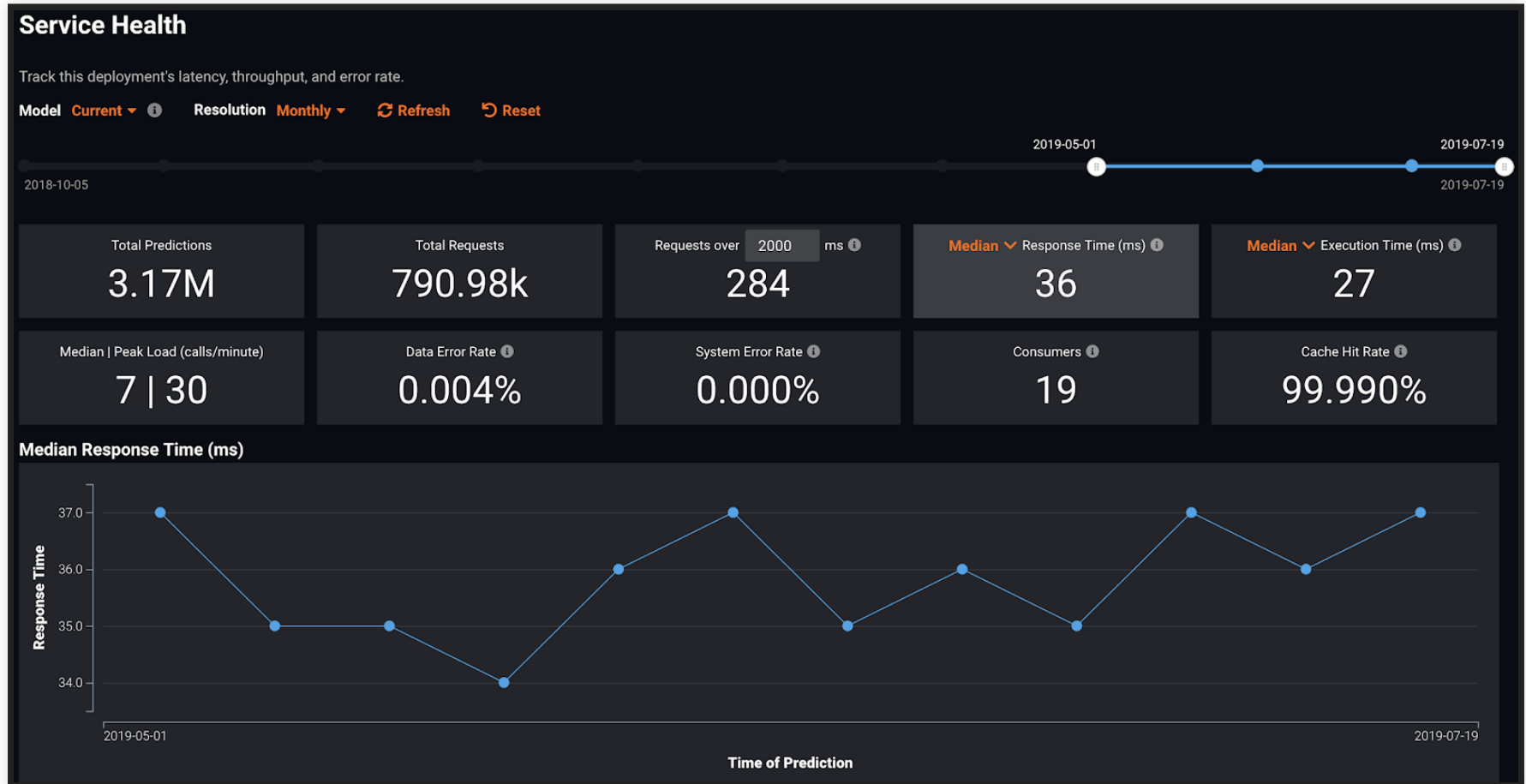
server requests



client side full page load



MANY COMMERCIAL SOLUTIONS



e.g. <https://www.datarobot.com/platform/mlops/>

Many pointers: Ori Cohen "[Monitor! Stop Being A Blind Data-Scientist.](#)" Blog 2019

ENGINEERING CHALLENGES FOR TELEMETRY

TRENDING

Buying Guides

Note 10

Best Laptops

iOS 13

Best Phones

Amazon Alexa stores voice recordings for as long as it likes (and shares them too)

By Olivia Tambini 21 days ago Digital Home

A letter from Amazon reveals all



ENGINEERING CHALLENGES FOR TELEMETRY

- Data volume and operating cost
 - e.g., record "all AR live translations"?
 - reduce data through sampling
 - reduce data through summarization (e.g., extracted features rather than raw data; extraction client vs server side)
- Adaptive targeting
- Biased sampling
- Rare events
- Privacy
- Offline deployments?

EXERCISE: DESIGN TELEMETRY IN PRODUCTION

Scenario: Injury detection in smart home workout (laptop camera)

Discuss: Quality measure, telemetry, operationalization, false positives/negatives, cost, privacy, rare events



EXPERIMENTING IN PRODUCTION

- A/B experiments
- Shadow releases / traffic teeing
- Blue/green deployment
- Canary releases
- Chaos experiments



Changelog
@changelog



“Don’t worry, our users will notify us if there’s a problem”



2:03 PM · Jun 8, 2019



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A/B EXPERIMENTS

WHAT IF...?

- ... we have plenty of subjects for experiments
- ... we could randomly assign subjects to treatment and control group without them knowing
- ... we could analyze small individual changes and keep everything else constant
 - ▶ Ideal conditions for controlled experiments



SEE SOMETHING NEW, EVERY DAY.

TAKE A LOOK



amazon
Try Prime

All ▾



Deliver to
Pittsburgh 15213

Your Amazon.com

Today's Deals

Gift Cards

Whole Foods

Registry

Sell

EN
🌐 ▾

Hello, Sign in
Account & Lists ▾

Orders

Try Prime ▾

0
Cart



Valentine's Day deals

Amazon Devices



echo

~~\$99.99~~ \$69.99



fire tv stick 4K
2-pack

~~\$99.99~~ \$84.98



echospot

~~\$129.99~~ \$99.99



fire 7
3-pack

~~\$149.97~~ \$109.97



Bargain finds



Explore live plants



New year, new records



Sign in for the best experience

Sign in securely

https://www.amazon.com/Low-Price-With-Free-Shipping/bbp?category=electronics&ref=bbp_bb_a77114_in_db_w_en_US&in_aressAsins=B078H77S6K&of_rd_p=39b36ea0-aa36-484b-adeb-e16d0468b38f&of_rd_r=6R617PT5...

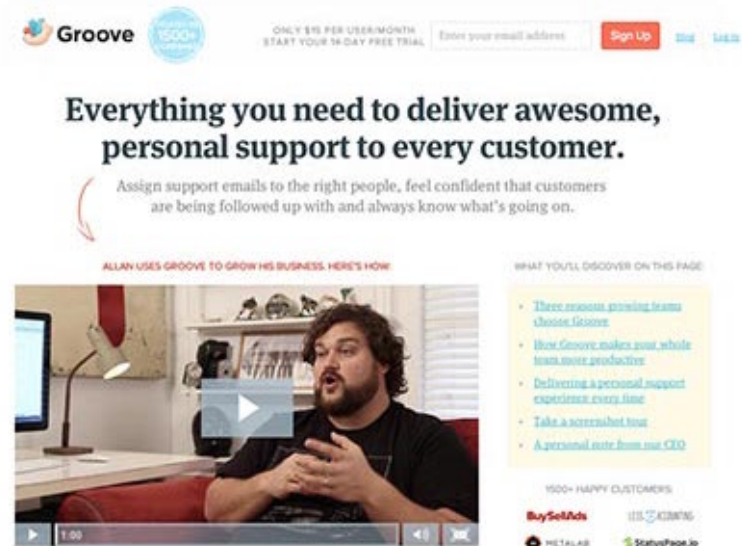
A/B TESTING FOR USABILITY

- In running system, random sample of X users are shown modified version
- Outcomes (e.g., sales, time on site) compared among groups

Original: 2.3%



Long Form: 4.3%



Speaker notes

Picture source: <https://www.designforfounders.com/ab-testing-examples/>

Save on prescription drugs - over \$3,637* a year!

Last year, Humana's Medicare Advantage plan members saved, on average, \$3,637* on prescription drugs! Choose your Humana Medicare Advantage plan and you could enjoy savings on prescription drugs, plus:

- Hospital, doctor AND drug coverage combined into one easy-to-use plan
- Extra benefits not offered by Original Medicare
- Affordable or no monthly plan premiums

[Shop 2014 Medicare Plans](#)

Control

Explore Humana's Medicare plans

Let us help you determine the Humana plan that's best for your needs.

[→ Get started now](#)

Treatment

Speaker notes

Picture source: <https://www.designforfounders.com/ab-testing-examples/>

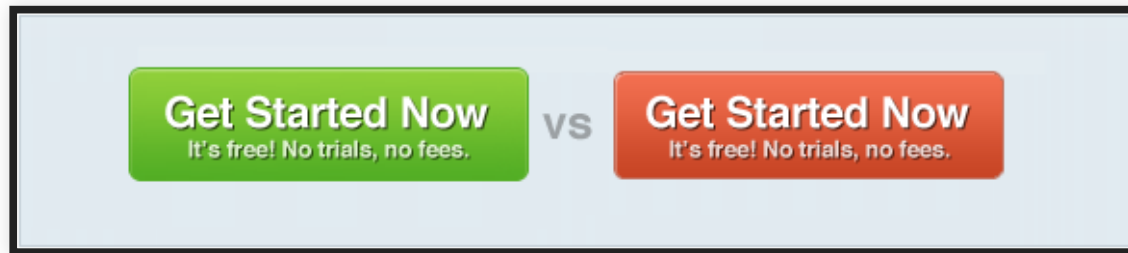
A/B EXPERIMENT FOR AI COMPONENTS?

- New product recommendation algorithm for web store?
- New language model in audio transcription service?
- New (offline) model to detect falls on smart watch



EXPERIMENT SIZE

- With enough subjects (users), we can run many many experiments
- Even very small experiments become feasible
- Toward causal inference



IMPLEMENTING A/B TESTING



- Implement alternative versions of the system
 - using feature flags (decisions in implementation)
 - separate deployments (decision in router/load balancer)
- Map users to treatment group
 - Randomly from distribution
 - Static user - group mapping
 - Online service (e.g., [launchdarkly](#), [split](#))
- Monitor outcomes *per group*
 - Telemetry, sales, time on site, server load, crash rate

FEATURE FLAGS

```
if (features.enabled(userId, "one_click_checkout") {  
    // new one click checkout function  
} else {  
    // old checkout functionality  
}
```

- Boolean options
- Good practices: tracked explicitly, documented, keep them localized and independent
- External mapping of flags to customers
 - who should see what configuration
 - e.g., 1% of users sees one_click_checkout, but always the same users; or 50% of beta-users and 90% of developers and 0.1% of all users

▼ Treatments ⓘ | 2 treatments, if Split is killed serve the default treatment of "off"

Treatment	Default	Description
on		The new version of registration process is enabled.
off		The old version of registration process is enabled.

+

 Add treatment | [Learn more about multivariate treatments.](#)

▼ Whitelist ⓘ | 0 user(s) or segments individually targeted.

+

 Add whitelist

▼ Traffic Allocation ⓘ | 100% of user included in Split rules evaluation below.

Total Traffic Allocation:

100

% total User in Split

▼ Targeting Rules ⓘ | 2 rules created for targeting.

if


user

is in segment

qa

+

Then serve

 on

else if

user


is in segment


beta_testers

+

Then serve

percentage

 on 50


 off 50

+

 Add rule

▼ Default Rule ⓘ | Serve treatment of "off".

serve

 off

CONFIDENCE IN A/B EXPERIMENTS

(statistical tests)

COMPARING AVERAGES

Group A

*classic personalized content
recommendation model*

2158 Users

average 3:13 min time on site

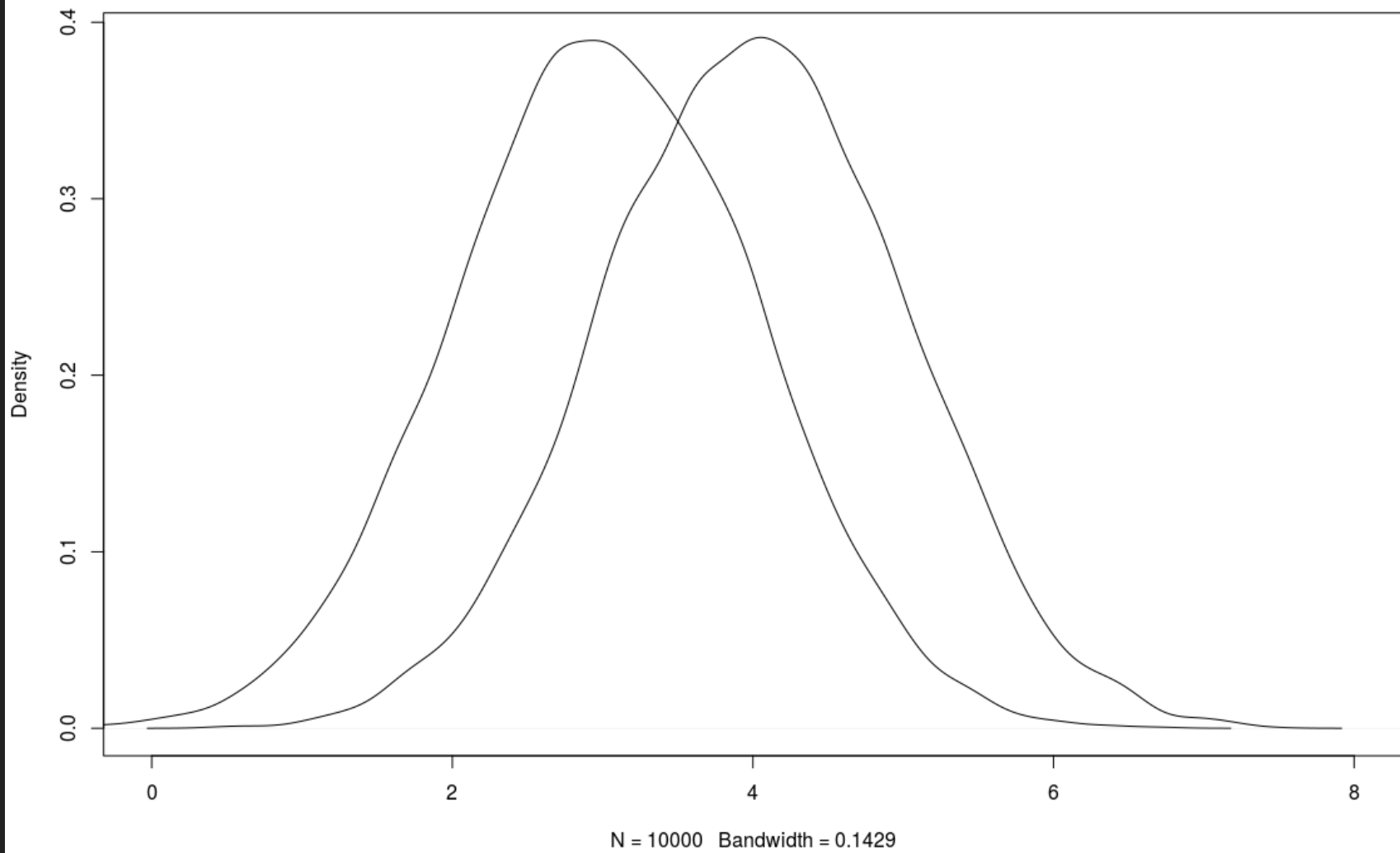
Group B

*updated personalized content
recommendation model*

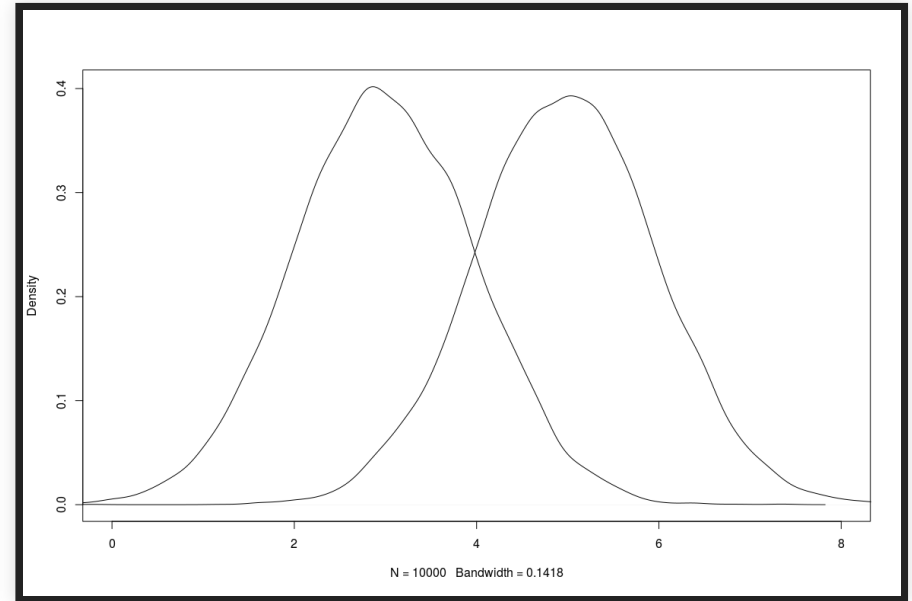
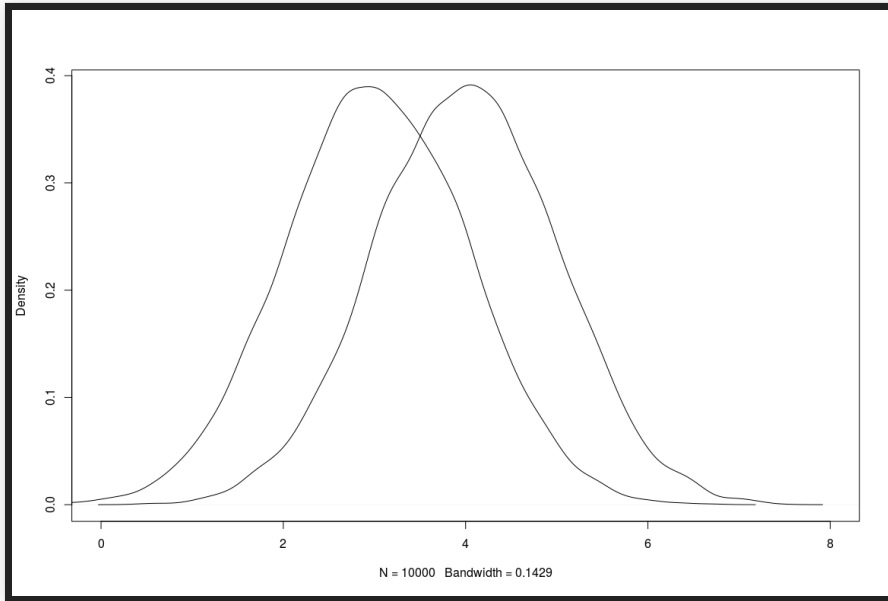
10 Users

average 3:24 min time on site

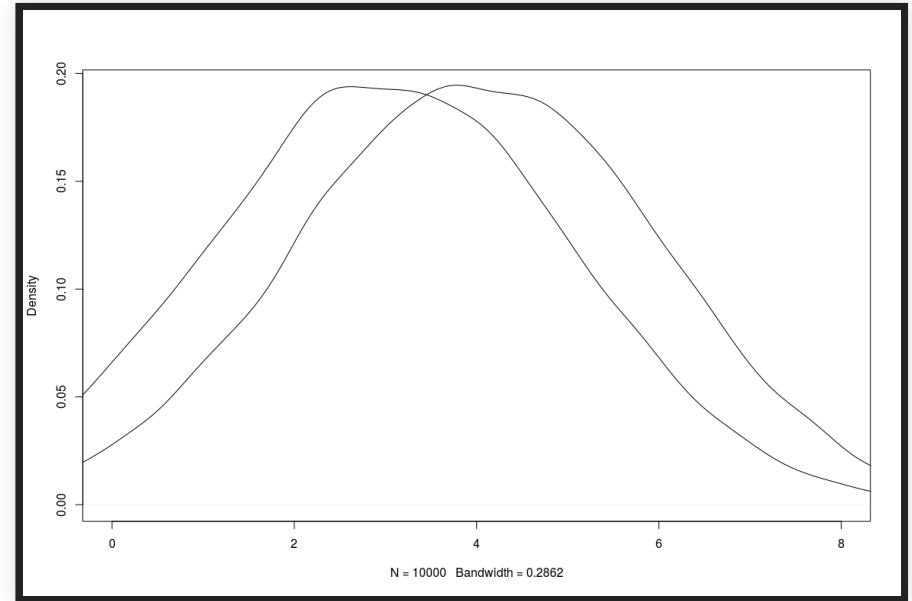
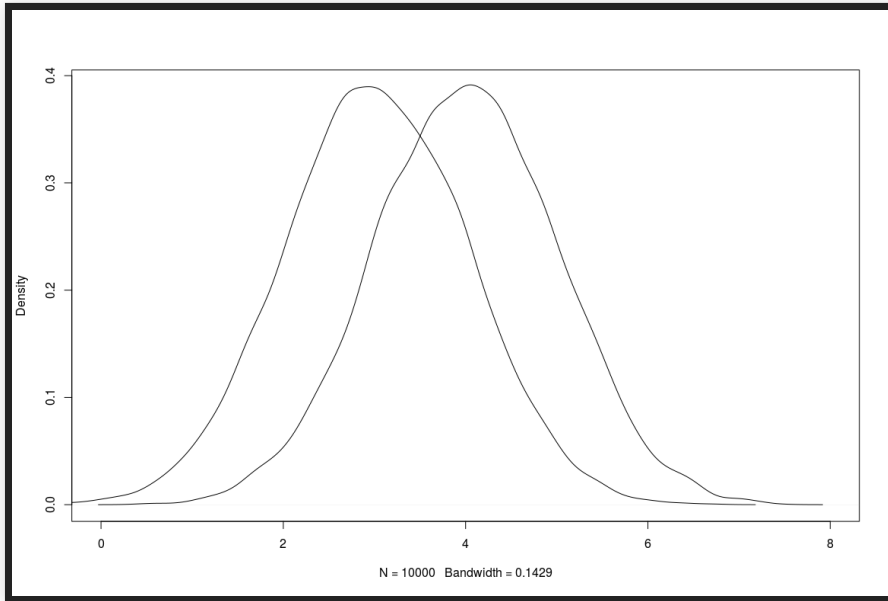
COMPARING DISTRIBUTIONS



DIFFERENT EFFECT SIZE, SAME DEVIATIONS



SAME EFFECT SIZE, DIFFERENT DEVIATIONS



Less noise --> Easier to recognize

DEPENDENT VS. INDEPENDENT MEASUREMENTS

- Pairwise (dependent) measurements
 - Before/after comparison
 - With same benchmark + environment
 - e.g., new operating system/disc drive faster
- Independent measurements
 - Repeated measurements
 - Input data regenerated for each measurement

SIGNIFICANCE LEVEL

- Statistical change of an error
- Define before executing the experiment
 - use commonly accepted values
 - based on cost of a wrong decision
- Common:
 - 0.05 significant
 - 0.01 very significant
- Statistically significant result \Rightarrow proof
- Statistically significant result \Rightarrow important result
- Covers only alpha error (more later)

INTUITION: ERROR MODEL

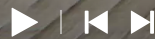
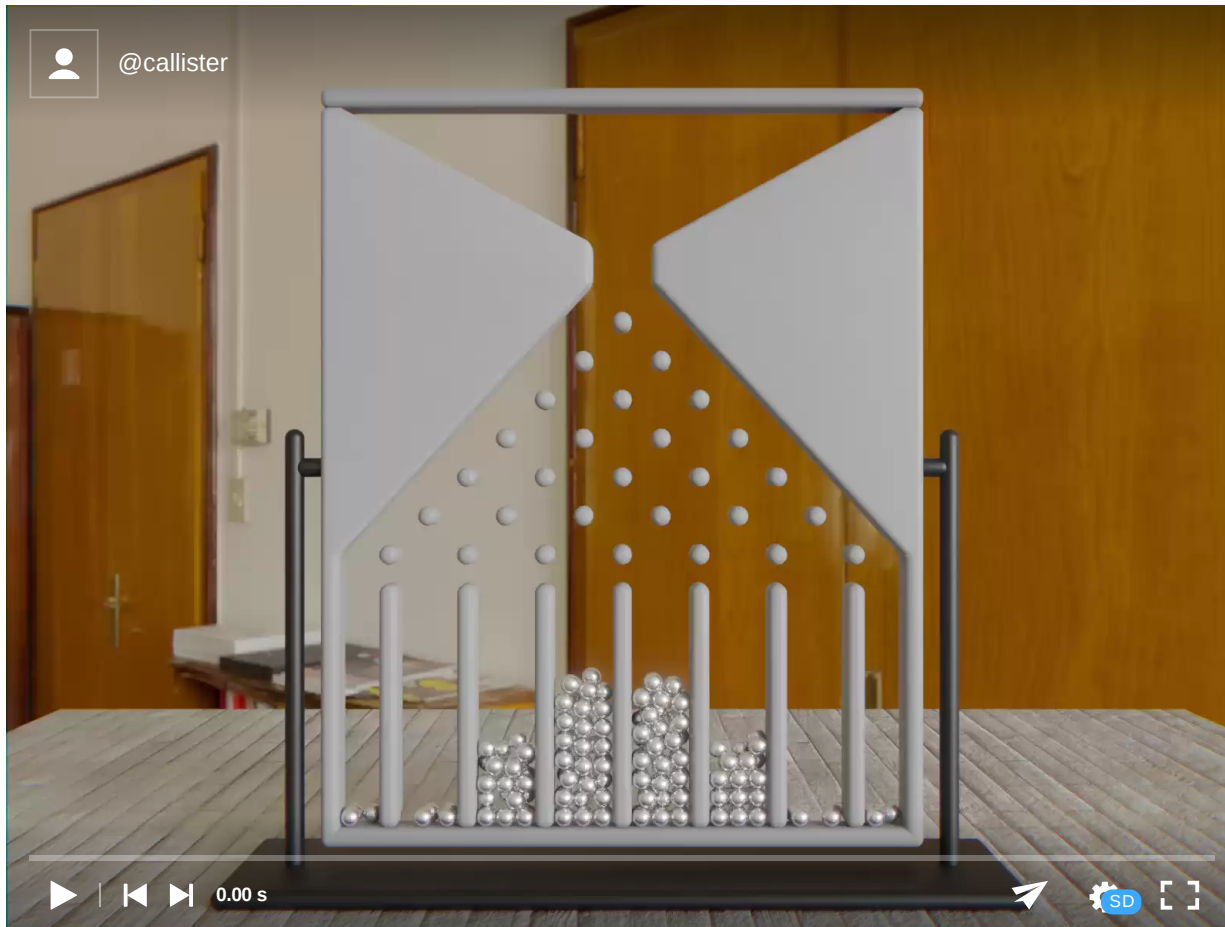
- 1 random error, influence ± 1
- Real mean: 10
- Measurements: 9 (50%) und 11 (50%)

- 2 random errors, each ± 1
- Measurements: 8 (25%), 10 (50%) und 12 (25%)

- 3 random errors, each ± 1
- Measurements : 7 (12.5%), 9 (37.5), 11 (37.5), 12 (12.5)



@callister



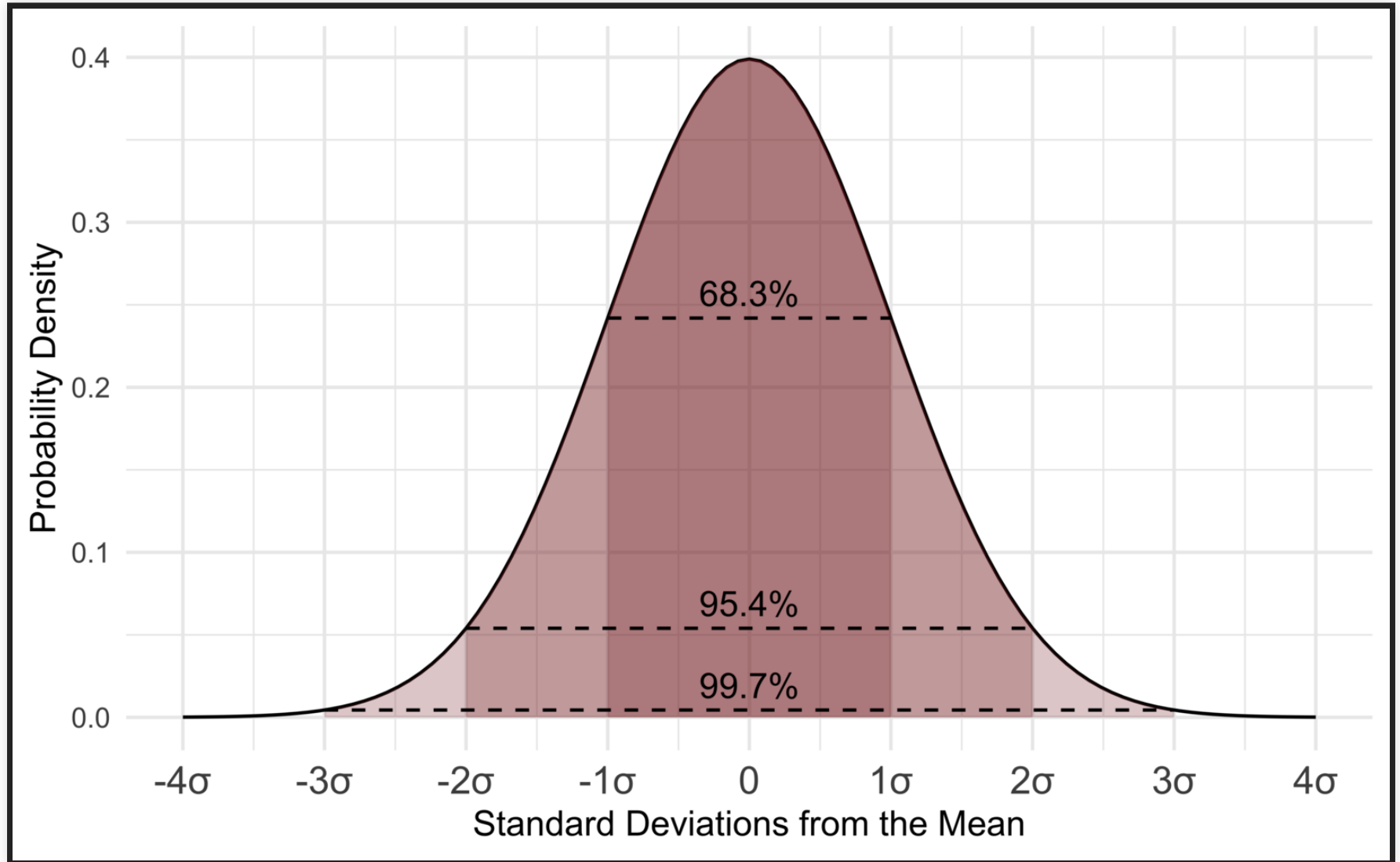
0.00 s



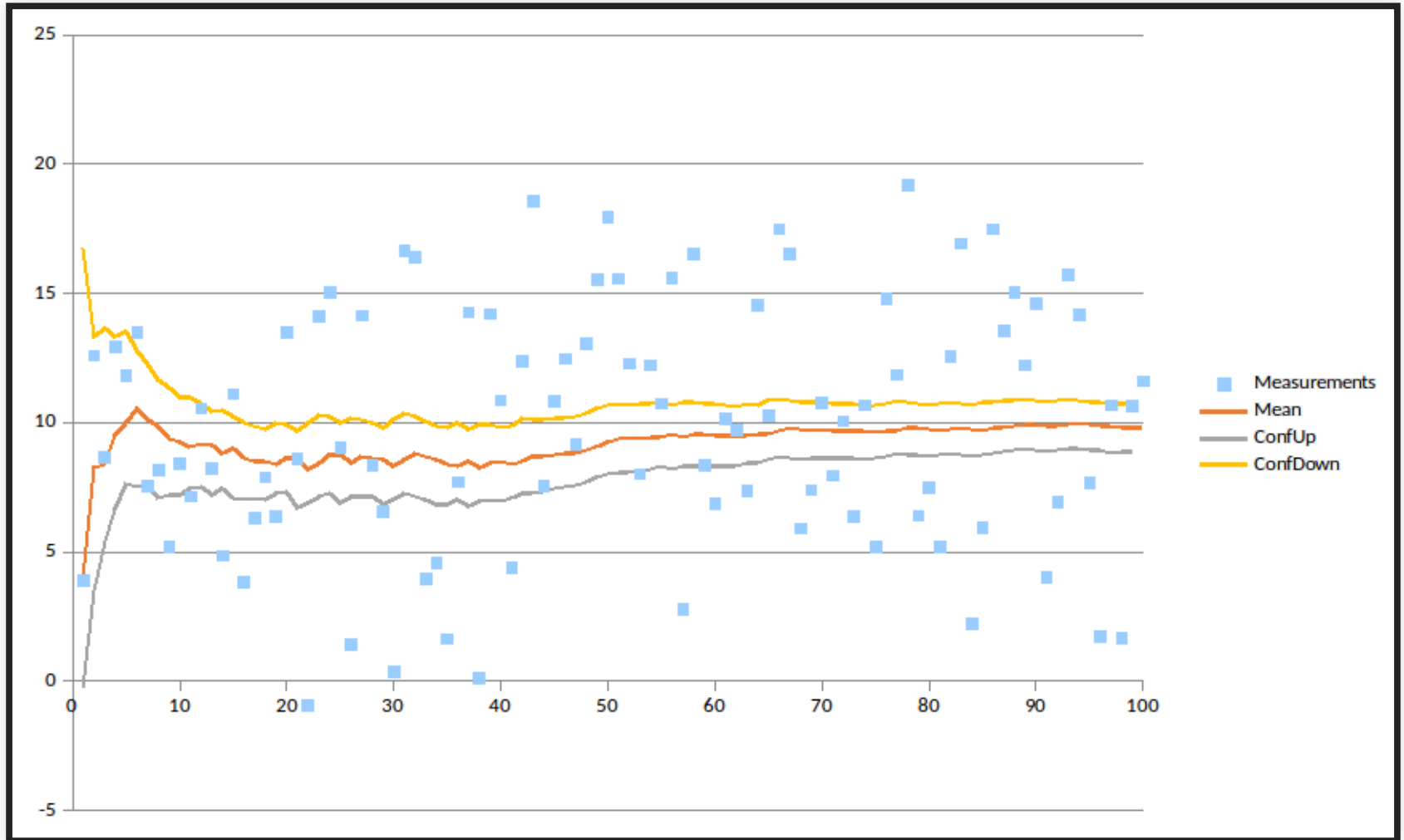
10.6K views

gfycat

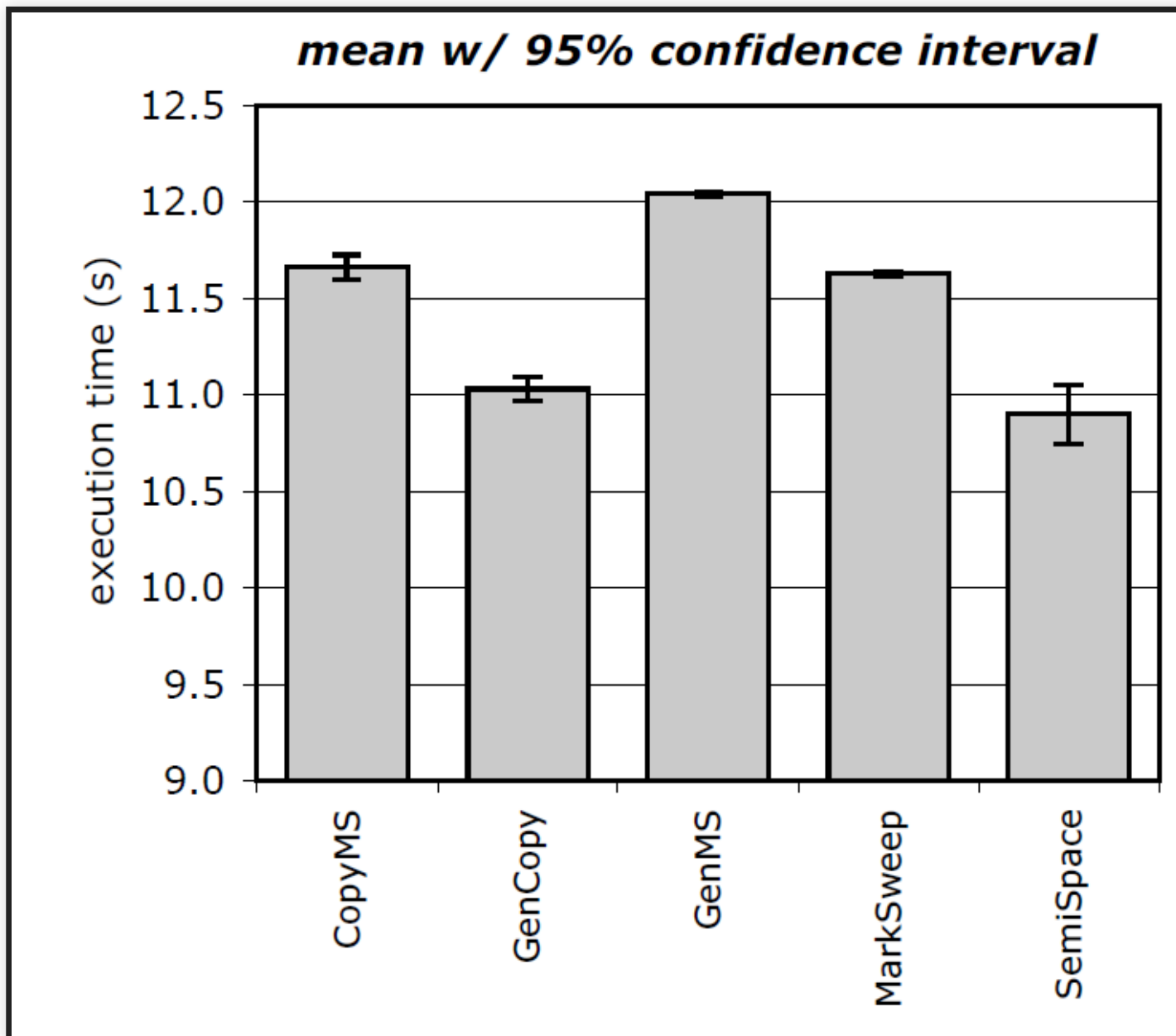
NORMAL DISTRIBUTION



CONFIDENCE INTERVALS



COMPARISON WITH CONFIDENCE INTERVALS



T-TEST

```
> t.test(x, y, conf.level=0.9)
```

Welch Two Sample t-test

```
t = 1.9988, df = 95.801, p-value = 0.04846
```

```
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is  
not equal to 0
```

```
90 percent confidence interval:
```

```
0.3464147 3.7520619
```

```
sample estimates:
```

```
mean of x mean of y
```

```
51.42307 49.37383
```

```
> # paired t-test:
```



```
> t.test(x-y, conf.level=0.9)
```

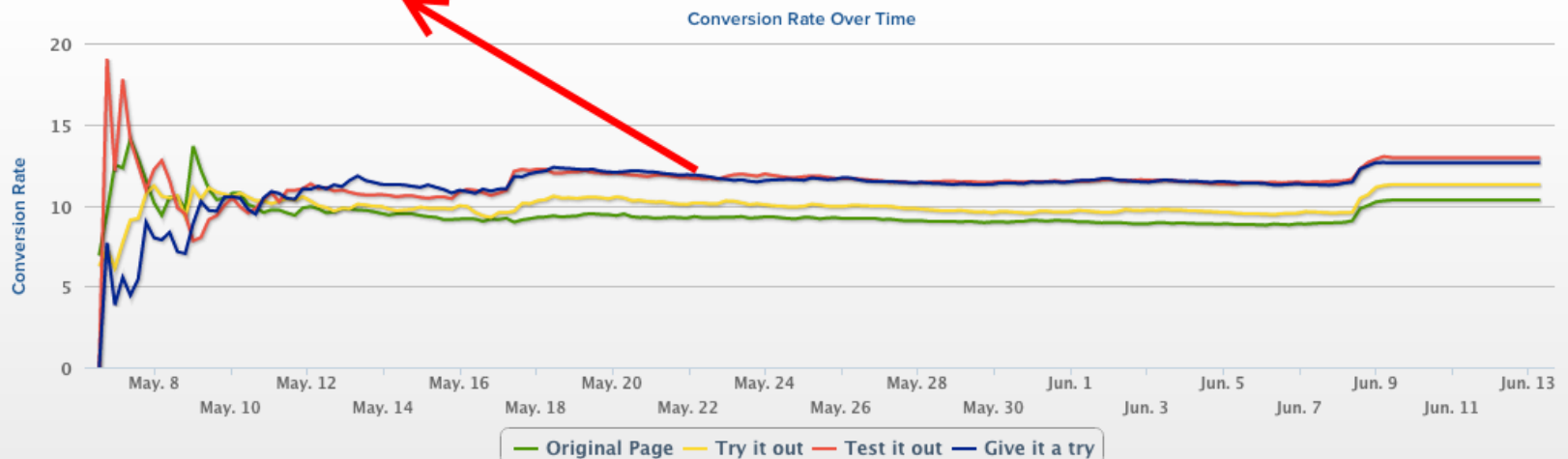
Experiment Created

[Edit](#)[Remove](#)[Delete](#)

The percentage of visitors who clicked on a tracked element.

✓ Test it out is beating Original Page by +25.4%.

Variations		Statistics			
Experiment	Conversions / Visitors	Conversion Rate	Baseline	Chance to beat Baseline ?	Improvement
Test it out	462 / 3,568	12.9% (±1.1%)		✓ 100.0%	+25.4%
Give it a try	440 / 3,479	12.6% (±1.1%)		✓ 99.9%	+22.5%
Try it out	395 / 3,504	11.3% (±1.0%)		90.2%	+9.2%
Original Page	378 / 3,662	10.3% (±1.0%)		---	---



Source: <https://conversionssciences.com/ab-testing-statistics/>

V1 (Old Design)

Sessions (OLD)

24,301

Pageviews (OLD)

59,987

New Visitor vs Returning Visitor (OLD)



Pageviews Trend (OLD)



Bounce Rate (OLD)

62.19%

Time on Site in seconds (OLD)

187

Pages / Session (OLD)

2.47

Sessions w. Search (OLD)

5.61%

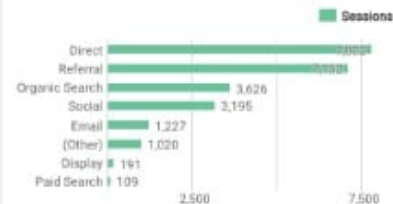
List Through Rate (OLD)

2.10%

Contact Through Rate (OLD)

4.12%

Sessions by Marketing Channel (OLD)



Bounce Rate by Marketing Channel (OLD)



Sessions by Landing Page (OLD)

LANDING PAGE GROUP 1	SESSIONS
VIP	14,792
eVIP	3,206
Homepage	2,464
ActivateAdSuccess	1,080

Bounce Rate by Landing Page (OLD)

Login	21.05%
ResultsBrowse	23.77%
Homepage	30.32%
ResultsSearch	35.31%
(NULL)	49.32%

V2 (New Design)

Sessions (NEW)

13,091

Pageviews (NEW)

100,623

New Visitor vs Returning Visitor (NEW)



Pageviews Trend (NEW)



Bounce Rate (NEW)

25.03%

Time on Site in seconds (NEW)

443

Pages / Session (NEW)

7.69

Sessions w. Search (NEW)

42.23%

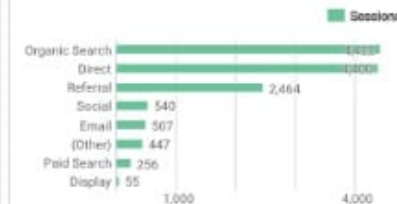
List Through Rate (NEW)

2.09%

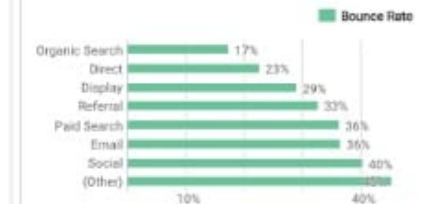
Contact Through Rate (NEW)

5.43%

Sessions by Marketing Channel (NEW)



Bounce Rate by Marketing Channel (NEW)



Sessions by Landing Page (NEW)

LANDING PAGE GROUP 1	SESSIONS
VIP	4,329
Homepage	2,582
ResultsSearch	2,666
ResultsBrowse	1,598

Bounce Rate by Landing Page (NEW)

UserRegistrationForm	0.00%
EditAdForm	4.39%
Homepage	6.94%
Login	14.47%
MyAds	15.15%

Search Pages / Session (OLD)

Search Pageviews Trend (OLD)

Search Pages / Session (NEW)

Search Pageviews Trend (NEW)

HOW MANY SAMPLES NEEDED?

Too few?

Too many?



A/B TESTING AUTOMATION

- Experiment configuration through DSLs/scripts
- Queue experiments
- Stop experiments when confident in results
- Stop experiments resulting in bad outcomes (crashes, very low sales)
- Automated reporting, dashboards

Further readings:

- Tang, Diane, et al. [Overlapping experiment infrastructure: More, better, faster experimentation](#). Proceedings of the 16th ACM SIGKDD international conference on Knowledge discovery and data mining. ACM, 2010. (Google)
- Bakshy, Eytan, Dean Eckles, and Michael S. Bernstein. [Designing and deploying online field experiments](#). Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on World Wide Web. ACM, 2014. (Facebook)

DSL FOR SCRIPTING A/B TESTS AT FACEBOOK

```
button_color = uniformChoice(  
    choices=['#3c539a', '#5f9647', '#b33316'],  
    unit=cookieid);  
  
button_text = weightedChoice(  
    choices=['Sign up', 'Join now'],  
    weights=[0.8, 0.2],  
    unit=cookieid);  
  
if (country == 'US') {  
    has_translate = bernoulliTrial(p=0.2, unit=userid);  
} else {  
    has_translate = bernoulliTrial(p=0.05, unit=userid);  
}
```

Further readings:

- Bakshy, Eytan, Dean Eckles, and Michael S. Bernstein. [Designing and deploying online field experiments](#). Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on World Wide Web. ACM, 2014. (Facebook)

CONCURRENT A/B TESTING

- Multiple experiments at the same time
 - Independent experiments on different populations -- interactions not explored
 - Multi-factorial designs, well understood but typically too complex, e.g., not all combinations valid or interesting
 - Grouping in sets of experiments

Further readings:

- Tang, Diane, et al. [Overlapping experiment infrastructure: More, better, faster experimentation](#). Proceedings of the 16th ACM SIGKDD international conference on Knowledge discovery and data mining. ACM, 2010. (Google)
- Bakshy, Eytan, Dean Eckles, and Michael S. Bernstein. [Designing and deploying online field experiments](#). Proceedings of the 23rd International Conference on World Wide Web. ACM, 2014. (Facebook)

OTHER EXPERIMENTS IN PRODUCTION

- Shadow releases / traffic teeing
- Blue/green deployment
- Canary releases
- Chaos experiments

SHADOW RELEASES / TRAFFIC TEEING

- Run both models in parallel
- Report outcome of old model
- Compare differences between model predictions
- If possible, compare against ground truth labels/telemetry

Examples?

BLUE/GREEN DEPLOYMENT

- Provision service both with old and new model (e.g., services)
- Support immediate switch with load-balancer
- Allows to undo release rapidly

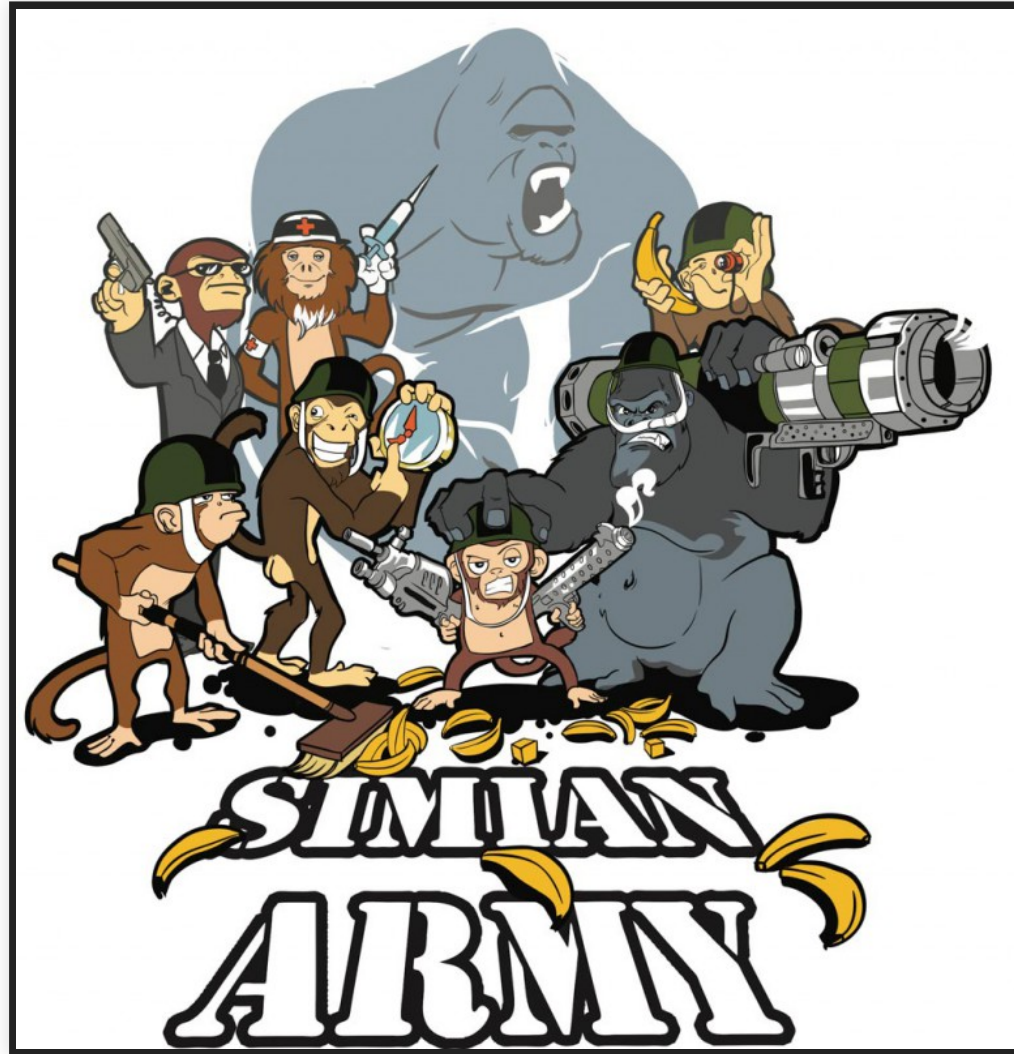
Advantages/disadvantages?

CANARY RELEASES

- Release new version to small percentage of population (like A/B testing)
- Automatically roll back if quality measures degrade
- Automatically and incrementally increase deployment to 100% otherwise



CHAOS EXPERIMENTS



CHAOS EXPERIMENTS FOR AI COMPONENTS?



Speaker notes

Artificially reduce model quality, add delays, insert bias, etc to test monitoring and alerting infrastructure

ADVICE FOR EXPERIMENTING IN PRODUCTION

- Minimize *blast radius* (canary, A/B, chaos expr)
- Automate experiments and deployments
- Allow for quick rollback of poor models (continuous delivery, containers, loadbalancers, versioning)
- Make decisions with confidence, compare distributions
- Monitor, monitor, monitor

INTERACTING WITH AND SUPPORTING DATA SCIENTISTS

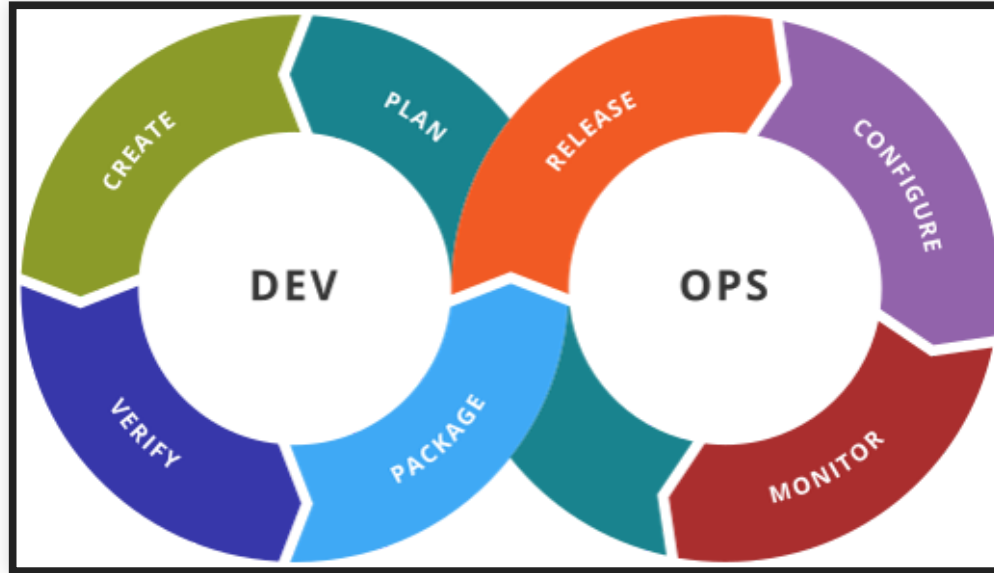


A Venn diagram consisting of two overlapping circles. The left circle is light green and contains the text 'Data Scientists'. The right circle is light orange and contains the text 'Software Engineers'. The overlapping area in the center is a darker shade of orange.

**Data
Scientists**

**Software
Engineers**

LET'S LEARN FROM DEVOPS



Distinct roles and expertise, but joint responsibilities, joint tooling

SUPPORTING DATA SCIENTISTS

- From evaluating with static datasets to testing in production
- Provide CI/CD infrastructure for testing in production
 - make it easy to deploy and test models
- Provide access to telemetry data and dashboards
- Encourage modeling infrastructure and versioning beyond notebooks

EXERCISE: INFRASTRUCTURE DESIGN

Scenario: Injury detection in smart home workout (laptop camera)

Discuss: Deployment and infrastructure decisions for A/B experiments -- how to divide users, how to implement A/B testing, what access to give to data scientists?



SUMMARY

- Production data is ultimate unseen validation data
- Telemetry is key and challenging (design problem and opportunity)
- Monitoring and dashboards
- Many forms of experimentation and release (A/B testing, shadow releases, canary releases, chaos experiments, ...) to minimize "blast radius"
- Gain confidence in results with statistical tests
- DevOps-like infrastructure to support data scientists

